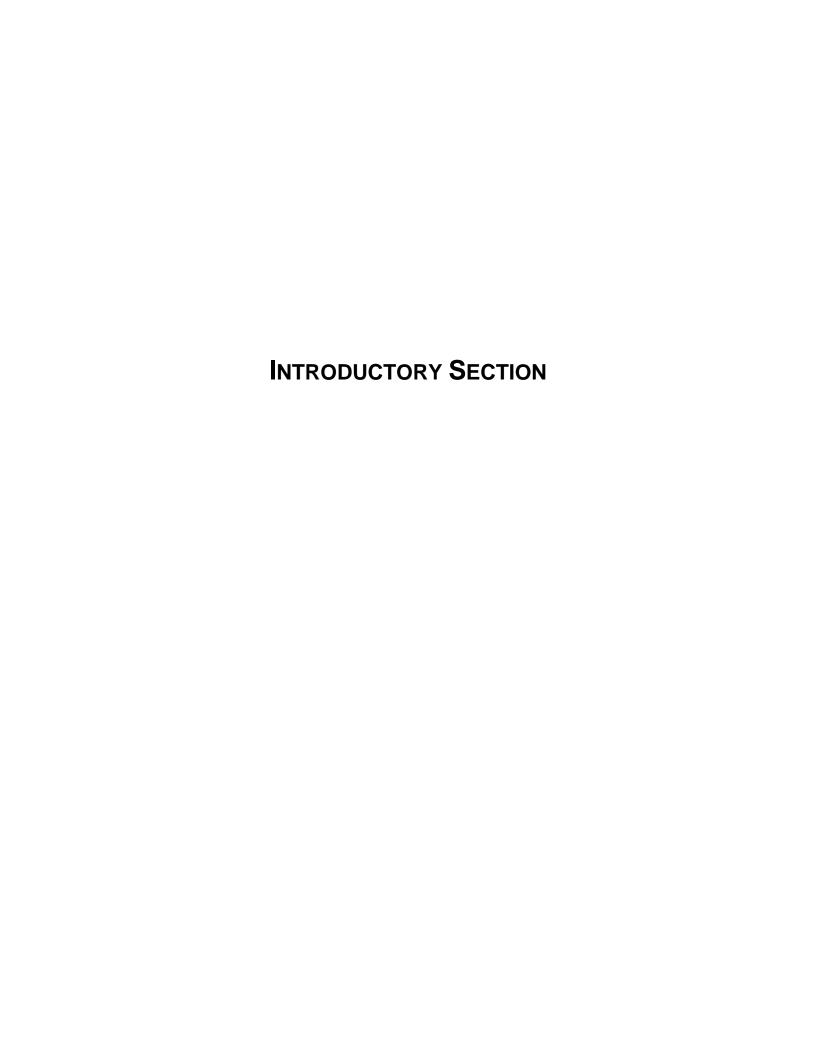
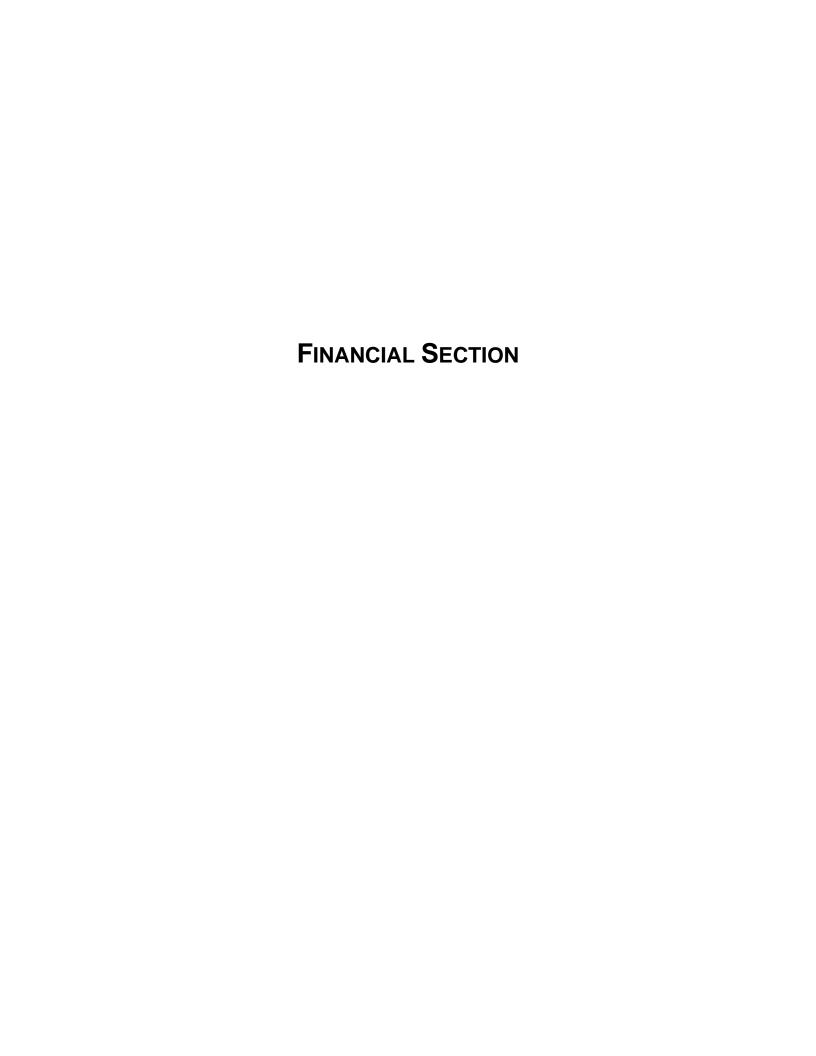


Certified Public Accountants and Business Consultants



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YEAR EN	DED JUN	E 30,	2019

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Independent Accountants' Review Report

To the Mayor and Council Town of Townsend Townsend, Delaware

We have reviewed the accompanying financial statements of the governmental activities, the business-type activities, each major fund, and the aggregate remaining fund information of Town of Townsend, as of and for the year ended June 30, 2019, and the related notes to the financial statements, which collectively comprise the Town's basic financial statements as listed in the table of contents. A review includes primarily applying analytical procedures to management's financial data and making inquiries of management. A review is substantially less in scope than an audit, the objective of which is the expression of an opinion regarding the financial statements as a whole. Accordingly, we do not express such an opinion.

Management's Responsibility for the Financial Statements

Management is responsible for the preparation and fair presentation of these financial statements in accordance with accounting principles generally accepted in the United States of America; this includes the design, implementation, and maintenance of internal control relevant to the preparation and fair presentation of financial statements that are free from material misstatement whether due to fraud or error.

Accountants' Responsibility

Our responsibility is to conduct the review engagement in accordance with Statements on Standards for Accounting and Review Services promulgated by the Accounting and Review Services Committee of the AICPA. Those standards require us to perform procedures to obtain limited assurance as a basis for reporting whether we are aware of any material modifications that should be made to the financial statements for them to be in accordance with accounting principles generally accepted in the United States of America. We believe that the results of our procedures provide a reasonable basis for our conclusion.

Accountants' Conclusion

Based on our review, we are not aware of any material modifications that should be made to the accompanying financial statements in order for them to be in accordance with accounting principles generally accepted in the United States of America.

Certified Public Accountants and Business Consultants

To the Mayor and Council Town of Townsend Townsend, Delaware

Required Supplementary Information

Management has omitted management's discussion and analysis that accounting principles generally accepted in the United States of America require to be presented to supplement the basic financial statements. Such missing information, although not a part of the basic financial statements, is required by the Governmental Accounting Standards Board, who considers it to be an essential part of financial reporting for placing the basic financial statements in the appropriate operational, economic, or historical context. Our conclusion is not modified with respect to this matter.

Maillie LLP

New Castle, Delaware November 19, 2019

STATEMENT OF NET POSITION JUNE 30, 2019

	Governmental Activities	Business-Type Activities	_	Total
ASSETS				
Cash and cash equivalents \$	1,681,695	\$ -	\$	1,681,695
Restricted cash	65,168	· -	•	65,168
Investments	1,946,476	-		1,946,476
Accounts receivable, net	11,749	44,679		56,428
Prepaid expenses	9,348	-		9,348
Capital assets				
Land and construction in progress	6,433	-		6,433
Depreciable buildings, property and				
equipment, net	3,175,932		_	3,175,932
TOTAL ASSETS \$	6,896,801	\$ 44,679	\$_	6,941,480
LIABILITIES				
Accounts payable \$	65,115	\$ -	\$	65,115
Refundable advances	19,627	-		19,627
Deferred revenue	2,184	-		2,184
Accrued vacation	5,798	-		5,798
Escrow liabilities	153,421	-		153,421
Fire company impact fees payable	48,415			48,415
TOTAL LIABILITIES	294,560		_	294,560
NET POSITION				
Net investment in capital assets	3,182,365	-		3,182,365
Restricted				
Developer escrows	153,421	-		153,421
Municipal Street Aid	65,168	-		65,168
Unrestricted	3,201,287	44,679		3,245,966
TOTAL NET POSITION	6,602,241	44,679	_	6,646,920
TOTAL LIABILITIES AND				
NET POSITION \$	6,896,801	\$ 44,679	\$_	6,941,480

					Progra	am Revenue	S	
			_		C	perating		Capital
				Charges for	G	rants and		Grants and
	_	Expenses	_	Services	Contributions		<u>C</u>	Contributions
FUNCTIONS/PROGRAMS Governmental activities								
General government	\$	686,252	\$	196,457	\$	-	\$	-
Street lights		72,710		144,278		-		-
Municipal street aid		9,274		-		-		34,335
Public safety		55,646		15,574		-		-
TOTAL GOVERNMENTAL ACTIVITIES	_	823,882	-	356,309				34,335
ACTIVITIES		023,002		330,309		-		34,335
Business-type activities								
Trash	_	149,891	_	260,492		-	_	
TOTAL	\$_	973,773	\$_	616,801	\$		\$	34,335

GENERAL REVENUES

Property taxes

Real estate transfer taxes

Investment income, net of fees

Impact fees

Miscellaneous

TRANSFERS

TOTAL GENERAL REVENUES AND TRANSFERS

CHANGE IN NET POSITION

NET POSITION AT BEGINNING OF YEAR

NET POSITION AT END OF YEAR

Net (Expense) Revenues and	
Changes in Net Position	

_	One	ang	53 III NEL FUSIL	IOH	
			Business-		
	Governmental		Type		
	Activities		Activities		Total
-		•		•	
\$	(489,795)	\$	-	\$	(489,795)
•	71,568	•	_	•	71,568
	25,061		_		25,061
-	(40,072)	•			(40,072)
	(433,238)		_		(433,238)
	(400,200)				(400,200)
	-		110,601		110,601
-	-	•	· · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · ·	•	, , , , , , , , , , , , , , , , , , , ,
_	(433,238)		110,601		(322,637)
_					_
	170,197		-		170,197
	278,876		-		278,876
	78,229		-		78,229
	161,200		-		161,200
	32,110		-		32,110
	74,863		(74,863)		-
-		•			
_	795,475		(74,863)		720,612
	262 227		25 720		207.075
	362,237		35,738		397,975
_	6,240,004		8,941		6,248,945
\$	6,602,241	\$	44,679	\$	6,646,920

BALANCE SHEET GOVERNMENTAL FUNDS JUNE 30, 2019

	_	General	_	Municipal Street Aid (Nonmajor)	. <u>-</u>	Street Lights (Nonmajor)	. <u>.</u>	Total
ASSETS								
Cash and cash equivalents	\$	1,681,695	\$	-	\$	-	\$	1,681,695
Restricted cash		-		65,168		-		65,168
Investments		1,946,476		-		-		1,946,476
Accounts receivable, net		-		-		11,749		11,749
Prepaid expenses	_	9,348	-	-		-		9,348
TOTAL ASSETS	\$_	3,637,519	\$	65,168	\$	11,749	\$	3,714,436
LIABILITIES AND FUND BALANCES								
LIABILITIES								
Accounts payable	\$	65,115	\$	-	\$	-	\$	65,115
Refundable advances		19,627		-		-		19,627
Deferred revenue		2,184		-		-		2,184
Accrued vacation		5,798		-		-		5,798
Escrow liabilities		153,421		-		-		153,421
Fire company impact fees payable		48,415	_			-		48,415
TOTAL LIABILITIES	_	294,560	-			-		294,560
FUND BALANCES Nonspendable								
Prepaid expense Restricted		9,348		-		-		9,348
Developer escrows		153,421		-		-		153,421
Municipal street aid		-		65,168		-		65,168
Unassigned		3,180,190		-		11,749		3,191,939
TOTAL FUND BALANCES		3,342,959	-	65,168		11,749		3,419,876
TOTAL LIABILITIES AND								
FUND BALANCES	\$_	3,637,519	\$	65,168	\$	11,749	\$	3,714,436

RECONCILIATION OF THE GOVERNMENTAL FUND BALANCE SHEET TO STATEMENT OF NET POSITION JUNE 30, 2019

TOTAL FUND BALANCES FOR GOVERNMENT FUNDS	\$	3,419,876
Capital assets used in governmental activities are not financial resources and, therefore, are not reported in the funds.	_	3,182,365
TOTAL NET POSITION OF GOVERNMENTAL ACTIVITIES	\$	6,602,241

STATEMENT OF REVENUES, EXPENDITURES AND CHANGES IN FUND BALANCES GOVERNMENTAL FUNDS YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2019

		General	_	Municipal Street Aid (Nonmajor)	_	Street Lights (Nonmajor)	_	Total
REVENUES								
Grants and contributions	\$	-	\$	34,335	\$	-	\$	34,335
Property taxes		169,667		-		-		169,667
Real estate transfer taxes		278,876		-		=		278,876
Fines		15,574		-		=		15,574
Franchise fees		22,546		-		-		22,546
Impact fees		161,200		-		=		161,200
Permits and licenses		169,083		=		=		169,083
Street lights fees		-		=		144,278		144,278
Community events		1,950		-		-		1,950
Miscellaneous		34,990		-		-		34,990
Investment return, net		78,229	_	-	_	-	_	78,229
TOTAL REVENUES	_	932,115	_	34,335	_	144,278	_	1,110,728
EXPENDITURES								
Salaries		250,427		-		-		250,427
Payroll taxes		18,137		-		-		18,137
Employee benefits		41,513		_		_		41,513
Utilities		13,419		_		_		13,419
Engineer consulting fees		61,832		=		-		61,832
Professional fees		68,064		-		-		68,064
Police services		55,646		-		-		55,646
Advertising		147		-		-		147
Office supplies		13,558		-		-		13,558
Bank fees		741		-		-		741
Computer support		24,111		-		-		24,111
Community events		6,197		-		-		6,197
Maintenance expense		35,389		-		-		35,389
Town decorations		2,575		-		-		2,575
Dues and membership fees		60		-		-		60
Insurance		12,624		-		-		12,624
Street lights		-		6,485		71,405		77,890
Street repairs		-		2,789		· -		2,789
Bad debt expense		-		_		1,305		1,305
Miscellaneous		5,211		-		-		5,211
Capital outlay		135,000		-		-		135,000
Vehicle expense		1,565		-		-		1,565
TOTAL EXPENDITURES		746,216	_	9,274	-	72,710		828,200
EVCESS OF BEVENIUM								
EXCESS OF REVENUES OVER EXPENDITURES		185,899		25,061		71,568		282,528
OVER EXPENDITURES		105,099		23,001		71,308		202,320
OPERATING TRANSFER		74,863	_	<u>-</u>	_	<u>-</u>	_	74,863
NET CHANGE IN FUND BALANCES		260,762		25,061		71,568		357,391
FUND BALANCES AT BEGINNING OF YEAR		3,022,378	_	40,107	_		_	3,062,485
FUND BALANCES AT END OF YEAR	\$	3,283,140	\$_	65,168	\$_	71,568	\$	3,419,876

See accompanying notes.

RECONCILIATION OF STATEMENT OF REVENUES, EXPENDITURES AND CHANGES IN FUND BALANCES OF GOVERNMENTAL FUNDS TO THE STATEMENT OF ACTIVITIES YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2019

NET CHANGE IN FUND BALANCES - TOTAL GOVERNMENTAL FUNDS	\$	357,391
Governmental Funds report capital outlays as expenditures. However, in the statement of activities the cost of those assets is allocated over their estimated useful lives and reported as depreciation expense:		
Capital outlays		135,000
Depreciation expense	_	(130,154)
CHANGE IN NET POSITION OF GOVERNMENTAL ACTIVITIES	\$	362,237

STATEMENT OF REVENUES, EXPENDITURES AND CHANGES IN FUND BALANCES - BUDGET AND ACTUAL GENERAL FUND YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2019

	_	Original & Final Budget		Actual	(Variance- Favorable Unfavorable)
REVENUES						
General Fund	•	400.000	•	400.007	•	(40.000)
Property taxes	\$	180,000	\$	169,667	\$	(10,333)
Transfer taxes		200,000		278,876		78,876
Fines		10,000		15,574		5,574
Franchise fees		20,000		22,546		2,546
Impact fees		124,800		161,200		36,400
Permits and licenses		106,275		169,083		62,808
Community events		5,000		1,950		(3,050)
Miscellaneous		3,900		34,990		31,090
Investment return, net	_		_	78,229	_	78,229
TOTAL REVENUES	_	649,975	_	932,115	_	282,140
EXPENSES						
General Fund						
Salaries		234,500		250,427		(15,927)
Payroll taxes		18,500		18,137		363
Employee benefits		78,850		41,513		37,337
Utilities		16,800		13,419		3,381
Engineer consulting fee		32,600		61,832		(29,232)
Professional fees		70,300		68,064		2,236
Police services		45,000		55,646		(10,646)
Advertising		2,000		147		1,853
Office supplies		15,450		13,558		1,892
Bank fees		10,400		741		(741)
Computer support		25,000		24,111		889
Community event		9,300		6,197		3,103
Maintenance expense		44,275		35,389		8,886
Town decorations		2,500		2,575		(75)
Dues and membership fees		3,000		2,373		2,940
Insurance		27,000		12,624		14,376
Travel and entertainment		500		12,024		500
Miscellaneous		15,400		5,211		10,189
Capital outlay		15,400		135,000		(135,000)
Vehicle expense		4 000		1,565		
·	_	4,000	_		_	2,435 (101,241)
TOTAL EXPENDITURES	_	644,975	_	746,216	_	(101,241)
EXCESS (DEFICIENCY) OF REVENUES						
OVER EXPENDITURES		5,000		185,899		383,381
OVER EM ENDITOREO		5,000		100,000		000,001
OPERATING TRANSFERS		-		74,863		74,863
	_		_	· ·	_	
NET CHANGE IN FUND BALANCES	\$ =	5,000	\$_	260,762	\$=	458,244

See accompanying notes.

STATEMENT OF NET POSITION PROPRIETARY FUNDS JUNE 30, 2019

	Trash
CURRENT ASSETS Receivables, net	\$ 44,679
NET POSITION Unassigned - unrestricted	\$ 44,679

See accompanying notes.

STATEMENT OF REVENUES, EXPENDITURES AND CHANGES IN NET POSITION PROPRIETARY FUNDS
YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2019

	_	Trash
OPERATING REVENUES Trash collection Late charges Bad debt recoveries TOTAL OPERATING REVENUES	\$	211,523 3,266 45,703 260,492
OPERATING EXPENSES Trash collection expense OPERATING INCOME BEFORE TRANSFERS	_	149,891 110,601
OPERATING TRANSFER	_	(74,863)
CHANGE IN NET POSITION		35,738
NET POSITION AT BEGINNING OF YEAR	_	8,941
NET POSITION AT END OF YEAR	\$_	44,679

STATEMENT OF CASH FLOWS PROPRIETARY FUNDS YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2019

	_	Trash
CASH FLOWS FROM OPERATING ACTIVITIES Received from customers Paid to suppliers for goods and services NET CASH PROVIDED BY OPERATING ACTIVITIES	\$_	224,754 (149,891) 74,863
CASH FUNDS FROM NON-CAPITAL FINANCING ACTIVITIES Operating transfers	_	(74,863)
NET CHANGE IN CASH		-
CASH AT BEGINNING OF YEAR	_	<u>-</u> ,
CASH AT END OF YEAR	\$_	
RECONCILIATION OF OPERATING INCOME TO NET CASH PROVIDED BY OPERATING ACTIVITIES Operating income Adjustments to reconcile net income to cash provided by operating activities (Increase) decrease in Receivables	\$	110,601
NET CASH PROVIDED BY OPERATING ACTIVITIES	\$_	74,863

NOTE A - SUMMARY OF SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING POLICIES

Financial Reporting Entity

The Town of Townsend, Delaware ("Town") is a municipality incorporated in 1885 under the laws of the State of Delaware. It is located in New Castle County, Delaware. The Town operates under a Mayor-Council form of government. The Town has no component units in its financial reporting entity.

Government-Wide Statements

The government-wide financial statements include the statement of net position and the statement of activities. Governmental activities, which normally are supported by taxes and intergovernmental revenues, are reported separately from business-type activities, which rely to a significant extent on fees and charges for support.

The statement of activities demonstrates the degree to which the direct expenses relate to a given function or segment and amount of related program revenues. Direct expenses are those that are clearly identifiable with a specific function or segment. Program revenues include 1) charges to customers who purchase, use, or directly benefit from goods, services, or privileges provided by a function or segment, and 2) grants and contributions that are restricted to meeting the operational or capital requirements of a function or segment. Taxes and other revenue items not properly included among program revenues are reported instead as general revenues.

Fund Financial Statements

Separate financial statements are provided for governmental and proprietary funds. The major individual governmental funds are reported as separate columns in the fund financial statements.

General Fund (major Governmental Fund) - This fund is used to account for all financial transactions not accounted for in another fund. Revenues are derived principally from property taxes, real estate transfer taxes and impact fees. This fund accounts for the general administrative services of the Town not recorded elsewhere.

Trash Funds (non-major Proprietary Fund) - This fund is used to report Town operations that provide services financed primarily by user charges, or activities where the period measurement of net income is appropriate for capital maintenance, public policy and management control.

Municipal Street Aid Fund (non-major Governmental Fund) - This fund is used to account for the financial resources that were used for street maintenance, repairs and public safety.

Street Lights Fund (non-major Governmental Fund) - This fund is used to account for the financial resources that were mainly used for electrical charges to maintain the existing street lighting system.

NOTE A - SUMMARY OF SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING POLICIES (Continued)

Measurement Focus, Basis of Accounting and Financial Statement Presentation

Government-Wide and Proprietary Fund Financial Statements - The government-wide and proprietary fund financial statements are reported using the economic resources measurement focus and the accrual basis of accounting. Revenues are recorded when earned and expenses are recorded at the time liabilities are incurred. Property taxes are recognized as revenue in the year for which they are levied. Grants and similar items (non-exchange transactions) are recognized as revenue as soon as all eligibility requirements imposed by the provider have been satisfied.

Government Fund Financial Statements - The government fund financial statements are reported using the current financial resources measurement focus and the modified accrual basis of accounting. Under this method, revenues are recognized when measurable and available. The Town considers all revenues reported in the governmental funds to be available if revenues are collected within sixty days after year end. Property taxes, trash fees, and impact fees are considered to be susceptible to accrual. Expenditures are recorded when the related fund liability is incurred (upon receipt of goods or services), except for principal and interest on general long-term debt, claims and judgments, and compensated absences, which are recognized as expenditures to the extent they have matured. General capital assets acquisitions are reported as expenditures in governmental funds. Proceeds of long-term debt and acquisitions under capital leases are reported as other financing sources.

Budgetary Information

The Financial Officer submits an annual budget to the Town Council in accordance with the Town Charter. The budget is presented to the Town Council for review. In July, the Town Council adopts the annual fiscal year budget for Town operating funds.

The budgets for the operating funds and proprietary fund operations are prepared on the cash receipts and expenditures basis. Revenues are budgeted in the year receipt is expected; and expenditures are budgeted in the year that the applicable purchase orders are expected to be issued. The budget and actual financial statements are reported on these bases. Unencumbered appropriations for annually budgeted funds lapse at fiscal year-end.

Encumbrances

Encumbrances for goods or purchased services are documented by purchase orders or contracts. Under the Town Charter, appropriations lapse at June 30, and encumbrances outstanding at that time are to be either canceled or appropriately provided for in the subsequent year's budget.

NOTES TO FINANCIAL STATEMENTS JUNE 30. 2019

NOTE A - SUMMARY OF SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING POLICIES (Continued)

Property Taxes

Property taxes are levied in June on the assessed value provided by New Castle County. Taxes are due and payable on or before September 30 and become delinquent October 1 with late payment penalties. The Town bills and collects its own property taxes. The Town property tax revenues are recognized when levied. The allowance for uncollectible delinquent taxes is based upon collection trends and experience.

Trash Customer Charges

Customer charges are recorded when billed. An allowance for uncollectible accounts is recorded based on historical collection trends and experience.

Street Lights Fees

Street lights fees are recorded when billed. An allowance for uncollectible accounts is recorded based on historical collection trends and experience.

Cash and Cash Equivalents

For the purposes of the statement of cash flows, the Proprietary Fund Types consider all highly liquid investments with a maturity of three months or less when purchased to be cash equivalents. For purposes of the statement of cash flows, restricted cash is not considered a cash equivalent.

Investments

Investments are stated at fair value.

Capital Assets

Capital assets are reported in the government-wide financial statements. The Town has defined capital assets as assets with a minimum cost of \$1,000. Capital assets may be purchased and are recorded at cost or estimated historical cost. Major outlays for capital assets and improvements are capitalized as projects are constructed. Donated capital assets are recorded at estimated fair market value at the date of donation. The cost of normal maintenance and repairs that do not add to the value of the asset or materially extend the asset's life are not capitalized.

Capital assets of the Town are depreciated using the straight-line method over the estimated useful lives of the related assets as follows:

Building and improvements	5-40 years
Infrastructure	50 years
Machinery and equipment	5-7 years
Office equipment	5-7 years

NOTE A - SUMMARY OF SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING POLICIES (Continued)

Interfund Transactions

During the course of normal operations, the Town has numerous transactions between the funds. Interfund transactions are classified as other financing services and uses in the governmental funds and as operating transfers, net operating transfers are reported in the statement of revenue and expenses below operating income in the proprietary funds.

Compensated Leave

The Town's Personnel Policy permits employees to accumulate unused vacation time, which is capped at the employee's current annual allowance. Upon termination, the Town pays all accumulated unused vacation time.

Program Revenues

Amounts reported as program revenues include charges to customers for goods, services or privileges provided, and operating grants and contributions. General revenues include all taxes, impact fees and building permits and licenses.

Applicability of Optional Guidance

The Town applies both the government-wide and proprietary fund financial statements, Government Accounting Standards Board (GASB) Statement No. 62, Codification of Accounting and Financial Reporting Guidance Contained in the Pre-November 30, 1989 FASB and AICPA pronouncements unless they conflict with or contradict GASB pronouncements.

Use of Estimates

The preparation of financial statements in conformity with generally accepted accounting principles requires management to make estimates and assumptions that affect certain reported amounts and disclosures. Accordingly, actual results could differ from those estimates.

Subsequent Events

The Town's policy is to evaluate events and transactions subsequent to its year end for potential recognition in the financial statements or disclosure in the notes to the financial statements. All events and transactions have been evaluated through November 19, 2019, which is the date the financial statements were available to be issued.

NOTE B - DEPOSITS AND INVESTMENTS

Deposits

The carrying amount of the cash deposits and cash on hand is \$1,746,863 in the various funds. The bank balances are approximately \$1,771,113 as of June 30, 2019. Of the bank balance, \$250,000 was covered by federal depository insurance and \$135,495 was covered by Security Investor Protection Corporation, and \$1,385,618 was exposed to custodial credit risk because it was uninsured.

Custodial Credit Risk

Custodial credit risk is the risk that in the event of bank failure, the Town's deposits or investments may not be returned. The Town carries deposits that are fully insured by FDIC insurance or collateralized, and deposits that are not collateralized and are uninsured. All of the Town's investments are held by third parties in the Town's name.

Investments

The investment policy statement allows investments in mutual funds, stocks, bonds and exchange traded funds.

The following is a schedule which details the Town's investments:

Investment Type	Fair Value	Cost	Rating- Moody
Mutual funds Exchange traded funds	\$ 1,744,080 202,396	\$ 1,690,274 154,258	N/A N/A
	\$ <u>1,946,476</u>	\$ <u>1,844,532</u>	

Credit Risk

Authority and responsibility for managing investments is covered by an Investment Policy Statement approved by the Mayor and Council.

Interest Rate Risk

The Town manages its exposure to interest rate risk through active investment management, asset allocation, and conservative management of asset duration.

Concentration of Credit Risk

The Town's investment policy statement states that no more than 5% of the portfolio may be invested in the securities of a single issuer. In addition, no more than 10% of the overall portfolio may be invested in alternative investments. As of June 30, 2019, there were seven mutual fund holdings exceeding 5% of total fair value of investments.

NOTE C - RECEIVABLES

Receivables as of June 30, 2019 for the Government's funds, net of applicable allowances for uncollectible accounts, are as follows:

	_	_	Business- Type	
Trash receivables, net Street lights, net	\$	- 11,749	\$ _	44,679 -
	\$_	11,749	\$_	44,679

The allowance for uncollectible trash utility billings was \$4,964 and street lights was \$1,305 as of June 30, 2019.

NOTE D - CAPITAL ASSETS

Capital asset activity for the year ended June 30, 2019 was as follows:

		Beginning					Ending	
	_	Balances		Increases		Decreases		Balances
GOVERNMENTAL ACTIVITIES Capital assets not being depreciated								
Land	\$	6,433	\$_	-	\$_	<u> </u>	\$_	6,433
Capital assets, depreciated					_	_		_
Building improvements		1,202,361		35,000		-		1,237,361
Infrastructure		1,133,483		100,000		-		1,233,483
Office equipment		92,302		-		-		92,302
Machinery and equipment		168,708		-		-		168,708
Municipal park		1,443,075	_	-		-		1,443,075
		4,039,929		135,000	_	-		4,174,929
Less accumulated depreciation	_	868,843		130,154	_			998,997
TOTAL CAPITAL ASSETS BEING	_		_		_			_
DEPRECIATED, net	_	3,171,086	_	4,846	_	<u>-</u>		3,175,932
GOVERNMENTAL ACTIVITIES CAPITAL	_		_		_		_	
ASSETS, net	\$_	3,177,519	\$_	4,846	\$_	<u> </u>	\$_	3,182,365

Depreciation expense for the year ended June 30, 2019 was charged to the General Fund in the amount of \$130,154.

NOTE E - COMMITMENTS AND CONTINGENCIES

The Town has a solid waste collection management contract with a third party. The Town pays the solid waste collection management contract monthly, based upon units of trash collected and disposed. The total solid waste management fees charged to operations were \$149,891 for the year ended June 30, 2019. The future commitment cannot be determined since it depends on the number of units collected and disposed.

The Town is party to various legal proceedings which normally occur in governmental operations. In the opinion of the administration, these legal proceedings are not likely to have a material adverse effect on the accompanying financial statements and, accordingly, no provision has been recorded.

NOTE F - MAJOR VENDORS AND SUPPLIERS

For the year ended June 30, 2019, the Town purchases of trash services from Waste Industries exceeds 10% of the total expenditures.

In addition, the Town incurred expenditures to two other vendors exceeding 10%:

Vendor 1 \$ 112,128 Vendor 2 \$ 100,000

NOTE G - FAIR VALUES MEASURED ON RECURRING BASIS

Generally accepted accounting principles define fair value as the exchange price that would be received for an asset or paid to transfer a liability (an exit price) in the principal or most advantageous market for the asset or liability in an orderly transaction between market participants on the measurement date. The accounting standards require that valuation techniques maximize the use of observable inputs and minimize the use of unobservable inputs. The accounting standards also establish a fair value hierarchy, which prioritizes the valuation inputs into three broad levels.

The guidance establishes three levels of the fair value hierarchy as follows:

Level 1 - Financial assets and liabilities whose values reflect unadjusted quoted prices that are available in active markets for identical investments as of the reporting date.

Level 2 - Financial assets and liabilities whose values are based upon pricing inputs, including certain broker dealer quotes, that are generally those other than exchange quoted prices in active markets, which are either directly or indirectly observable as of the reporting date, and fair value is determined through the use of models or other valuation methodologies.

NOTE G - FAIR VALUES MEASURED ON RECURRING BASIS (Continued)

Level 3 - Financial assets and liabilities whose values are based on pricing inputs that are unobservable for the investment and includes situations where a) there is minimal, if any, market activity for the investment, or b) the inputs used in the determination of fair value require significant management judgment or estimation.

Fair values of assets measured on a recurring basis at June 30, 2019 are as follows:

				Quoted				
				Prices in				
				Active		Significant		
				Markets for		Other		Significant
				Identical		Observable	U	nobservable
		Fair		Assets		Inputs		Inputs
	_	Value		(Level 1)		(Level 2)		(Level 3)
Exchange traded funds	\$	202,396	\$	202,396	\$	-	\$	-
Mutual funds	_	1,744,080		1,744,080			_	-
	ው	1 040 470	ው	4 0 4 0 4 7 0	ው		Φ	
	\$ ₌	1,946,476	Ф	1,946,476	Ф		\$	

Fair values for investments are determined by reference to quoted market prices and other relevant information generated by market transactions.

NOTE H - NET POSITION AND FUND EQUITY

In the Government-wide and Proprietary Fund statements, net position is reported in the following categories:

- a. Invested in capital assets, net of related debt: Capital assets, net of accumulated depreciation, outstanding principal balances of debt attributable to the acquisition, construction and improvement of those assets;
- b. Restricted: for municipal street aid and developer escrows;
- c. Unrestricted: remaining net position not considered invested in capital assets, net of related debts or restricted.

Fund balance amounts have been designated as nonspendable, restricted, or unassigned in the General Fund for specific purposes as follows:

a. Nonspendable: Prepaid expense which are reserved.

NOTE H - NET POSITION AND FUND EQUITY (Continued)

b. Restricted: Restricted fund balances have constraints placed on the use of resources that are either (a) externally imposed by creditors, grantors, contributors, or laws or regulations of other governments or (b) imposed by law through constitutional provisions. The developer escrows are funds received from developers to pay engineer design fees for various projects.

When both restricted and unrestricted (assigned or unassigned) resources are available for use, it is the Town's policy to use restricted resources first, then unrestricted resources as needed.

NOTE I - RISK AND UNCERTAINTIES

The Town invests in various investment securities. Investment securities are exposed to various risks such as interest rate, market, and credit risks. Due to the level of risk associated with certain investment securities, it is at least reasonably possible that changes in the values of investment securities will occur in the near term and that such changes could materially affect the amounts reported in the statements of financial position.

NOTE J - RETIREMENT PLAN

The Town provides a Simplified IRA Plan covering all employees who are reasonably expected to receive at least \$5,000 in compensation during the year. Eligible employees may contribute up to 15% of their compensation or the maximum amount allowable by law. The Town contributes 2% of compensation for eligible employees. The Town contributed \$3,270 for the year ended June 30, 2019.